Learning Design for Social Media



Social Media

- Discussion Tools
- Collaborative Tools
- Photo Tools
- Video Tools
- Voice Tools
- Social Networking



Instructional Design

now

Learning Design

Humans Learn

Auditory

Visual

Kinesthetic





Learning

Behaviorist

Cognitive

Constructivist

Behaviorists

Observable Changes in Behavior

New Patterns Being Repeated it Becomes Automatic

Overt Behaviour which is Observed

Cognitivism Based on Thought Process

Changes in Behaviour are Observed

Learning Involves Associations

Constructivism

Construct own Perspective through Individual Experience Learning Through Constructivism

- Constructed
- Active
- Reflective
- Collaborative
- Inquiry Based

Learning is strengthened when it is social, relevant, active and offers learners multiple paths



Information Passed From

One Neuron

Another Neuron

Electrochemical Process

Patterns are Formed of Excited Neurons

• Frequently the Patterns are Used, Stronger the Patterns Become

 Stronger they Become, More Likely They are Made Again

Design Principles

Stimulating Environment

Places for Group Learning

Multiple Resources

Flexibility

Enrichment

Social Web

Supports Group Interaction

Create Social Communities

Engage Learners

Collaborative Learning



Learners Work together for a Common Goal

Collaborative Learning

Achieve Learning Goals

Instruction Method where Learners work in Groups

Promotes Critical thinking

Retain Information Longer

 Learners take Responsibility of owns Learning

 Learners are Challenged both socially and emotionally

More Theories

Computer Supported Collaborative Learning

Social Development Theory

Problem Based Learning

Creating Learning Communities